# **Technical Data Sheet**



# **QFX®**

# ULTRA-FAST-EXPOSING SBQ-PHOTOPOLYMER GRAPHICS EMULSION

**QFX** is a ready-to-use, ultra-fast-exposing SBQ-photopolymer direct emulsion formulated for industrial and fine halftone graphics printing. It has superb resolution and a high solids content for the production of stencils with exceptional edge definition and resolution. **QFX** resists most solvent-based inks. Stencils made with **QFX** are extremely durable, yet can be reclaimed easily.

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

# **Step 1: PREPARE THE FABRIC**

Used or surface-treated fabric need only be degreased using **Screen Degreaser Liquid No. 3** or dilute **Screen Degreaser Concentrate No. 33**, or **Magic Mesh Prep**. **Magic Mesh Prep** also promotes more uniform coating and provides an antistatic treatment.

(Machanical abrasion, an option for pay fabric that is not surface treated, increases the surface area of fabric for a better mechanical bond.

(Mechanical abrasion, an option for new fabric that is not surface treated, increases the surface area of fabric for a better mechanical bond of the stencil, increasing printing run length. Use **Microgrit No. 2** before degreasing. Abrading and degreasing can be combined in one step with **Ulanogel 23**.)

#### Step 2: SENSITIZING

**OFX** is fully presensitized. No sensitizer need be added. **OFX** should be handled only under yellow safe light conditions.

# **Step 3: COATING THE SCREEN**

Method 1: Apply one coat of emulsion on the printing side, then one coat on the squeegee side. Dry the screen thoroughly.

Method 2: Apply two coats on the printing side, then two coats on the squeegee side, wet-on-wet. After each coating, rotate the screen 180°.

Method 3: Follow Method 2 (above). Then, after drying the screen, apply two additional coats on the printing side, wet-on-wet.

#### **Step 4: DRY THE SCREEN**

Dry multicoated screens (Methods 2 or 3) thoroughly in a horizontal position, printing side down, at room temperature in a dirt- and dust-free area. Use a fan to speed drying. If using a commercial dryer, dry the screen with warm, filtered air, up to  $104^{\circ}$  F.  $(40^{\circ}$  C.). Use a humidifier in the drying area, if possible.

#### **Step 5: CALCULATE THE EXPOSURE**

Refer to the Base Exposures listed on the next page. Select the type of light source you have and its wattage or amperage. The exposure times indicated are for 305/inch (120/cm.) white fabric at an exposure distance of 40 inches (=ca. 1 meter), using Coating Methods 1, 2, or 3. The exposure time shown for your light source and coating method is your Base Exposure Time. Multiply your Base Exposure Time by all relevant Exposure Variable Factors to find your Approximate Exposure Time.

# **Step 6: DETERMINE THE OPTIMAL EXPOSURE TIME**

Make a Step Wedge Test (there is an instructional video covering this on the Ulano Website (<a href="www.ulano.com">www.ulano.com</a>), or use the Ulano ExpoCheck to determine your optimum exposure time. Optimum exposure is indicated at that exposure time when: No positive outline or darkening of the emulsion color is observable if the exposure is increased. The squeegee side emulsion is hard and not soft or slimy. An actual print best duplicates the test positive at the level of resolution that the job requires.

# Step 7: WASHOUT

After exposure, wet both sides of the screen with a gentle spray of cold water. Then spray forcefully from the printing side until the image areas clear. Rinse both sides of the screen with a gentle spray until no soft emulsion is left on the squeegee side, and no foam or bubbles remain. Blot excess water from the printing side with newsprint (unprinted newspaper stock).

# **Step 8: BLOCKOUT AND TOUCHUP**

Option 1: Before drying and exposing the coated screen, use excess emulsion from the coating step to cover the blockout area.

Option 2: For non-water-based inks, after exposure and washout, dry the screen. Apply Screen Filler No. 60 or Extra Heavy Blockout No. 10.

**Touchup Option 1:** Use excess emulsion and re-expose the screen.

Touchup Option 2: For non-water-based inks, use Screen Filler No. 60 or Extra Heavy Blockout No. 10 thinned with water.

#### **Step 9: STENCIL REMOVAL**

Remove ink from the screen using the solvent or solvent blend recommended by the ink manufacturer. Use **Screen Degreaser Liquid No. 3** to help remove ink and solvent residues that might impair the action of the stencil remover. Brush **Stencil Remover Liquid No. 4** or **Stencil Remover Paste No. 5** on both sides of the screen. Do not let the stencil remover dry on the screen. Wash the screen with a forceful spray of water. Use **Haze Remover No. 78** or **Ghost Remover** with **Ghost Remover Activator** to remove ink and haze residues, if necessary.

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BASE EXPOSURE TABLE (For 305 threads/in.(120/cm.) white polyester or nylon at 40 in.(100 cm.) exposure distance.

LIGHT SOURCE		C	COATING METHOD		
		1	2	3	
Carbon Arc					
15	amps	120 sec	360 sec	450 sec	
30 amps		60 sec	180 sec	248 sec	
40 amps		45 sec	135 sec	180 sec	
60 amps		30 sec	90 sec	120 sec	
110 amps		16 sec	50 sec	68 sec	
Metal Halide					
1000 watts		28 sec	78 sec	103 sec	
2000 watts		14 sec	39 sec	51 sec	
3000 watts		9 sec	26 sec	33 sec	
4000	) watts	7 sec	20 sec	26 sec	
5000	watts	5 sec	15 sec	20 sec	
Pulsed Xenon					
2000 watts		72 sec	210 sec	233 sec	
5000 watts		29 sec	84 sec	113 sec	
8000	) watts	18 sec	53 sec	72 sec	
Mercury Vapor					
125 watts		285 sec	750 sec	1050 sec	
1000 watts		36 sec	103 sec	132 sec	
2000 watts		18 sec	51 sec	66 sec	
4000 watts		9 sec	26 sec	33 sec	
Fluorescent Tubes*					
40 watts		90 sec	225 sec	375 sec	

<sup>\*</sup>Base exposure times are for unfiltered black light, or super diazo blue tubes at 4-6 in. (10-15 cm.) exposure distance. For plant-light, filtered black light, and "daylight" fluorescent tubes, use at least double the exposure time.

# **EXPOSURE VARIABLES**

Multiply the above base exposure times by all factors and variables that apply. **Fabric** 

Metal fabric	2.0-4.0
Dyed fabric	1.5-2.0
Finer than 330T/in	0.7-0.9
(130T/cm)	
Coarser than 250T/in	1.1-2.0
(100T/cm)	
High heat and humidity	1.3-1.8

# **DISTANCE FACTORS**

20 inches /50 cm.	0.25	44 inches /110 cm.	1.21
24 inches /60 cm.	0.36	48 inches /120 cm.	1.44
28 inches /70 cm.	0.49	52 inches /130 cm.	1.69
32 inches /80 cm.	0.64	56 inches /140 cm.	1.95
36 inches /90 cm.	0.81	60 inches /150 cm.	2.25
40 inches /100 cm.	1.00	72 inches /180 cm.	3.20

604dm; rev.1214dm